BB 31

III Semester B.B.M. Examination, June/July 2010 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING – II

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any five sub-questions. Each sub question carries 2 marks. $(5\times2=10)$
 - a) How do you treat abnormal loss in consignment?
 - b) What are dependent branches?
 - c) What is overriding commission?
 - d) What are fixed assets?
 - e) What are convertible debentures?
 - f) Give the meaning of gain ratio.

SECTION - B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries five marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 2. Define partnership and describe its essential features.
- 3. Briefly describe the main characteristics of a joint stock company.
- 4. What is an account sales? How does it differ from an Invoice?
- 5. Distinguish between a trial balance and a balance sheet.
- 6. How do you treat outstanding expenses and expenses paid in advance in final accounts?

SECTION - C

Answer **any five** questions. **Each** question carries **ten** marks.

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- 7. Define a debenture. Also enumerate the points of distinction between a debenture and a share.
- 8. What are the ways in which branch trial balance may be incorporated in the books of account of the head office ?



9. What is meant by goodwill of a partnership firm? Describe with suitable examples, the different methods of calculating goodwill of a partnership firm.

- 10. What are financial statements? Explain their usefulness and limitations.
- 11. White Ltd, issues 10,000, 12% Secured debentures of Rs. 100 each. Give journal entries if the Debentures are redeemable at par and are issued
 - i) at par,
 - ii) at a discount of 2% and
 - iii) at a premium of 3%.

Also show the entries which will be made if the Debentures are redeemable at a premium of 5% and are issued

- i) at par and
- ii) at a discount of 2%.
- 12. X and Y were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5.4 respectively. On 1st April, 2005, they admitted Z as a new partner, all the partners agreeing to share future profits equally. On the date of admission of the new partner, there was a goodwill account in the old firm's ledger showing a balance of Rs. 18,000. The current value of firm's goodwill as placed at Rs. 36,000. Z paid Rs. 50,000 by way of his capital. He also paid an appropriate amount for his share of goodwill. X and Y wrote off the goodwill account before Z's admission. Pass the necessary journal entries.
- 13. Explain the differences between capital and revenue expenditure.
- 14. Define hire purchase. Enumerate the points of distinction between hire purchase and installment purchase.
